## IN THE CLAIMS

Please make the following amendments to the claims:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method for defeating a denial-of-service attack, for use in a communication system in which a client sends a ciphertext of a random number chosen by the client encrypted under a public key of a server to authenticate the server, the method comprising the steps of:
- (a) at the server, generating a random number  $r_B$  in response to a service request from a client and sending the random number to the client;
- (b) at the server, receiving a ciphertext produced by the client using the random number  $r_B$  from the server-and a random number  $r_A$ -selected by the client, enciphered with the public key of the server;
- (c) at the server, recovering a random number  $r_{\rm B}$  from the ciphertext received from the client based on a private key corresponding to the public key of the server and comparing the recovered random number  $\underline{r_{\rm B}}$  with the random number  $\underline{r_{\rm B}}$  sent to the client; and
- (d) at the server, comparing the recovered random number  $r_{\rm B}$  to the random number  $r_{\rm B}$  sent to the client, and if the recovered random number  $r_{\rm B}$  is equal to the random number  $r_{\rm B}$  sent to the client, providing the service to the client, and, otherwise, denying the service to the client.
- 2. (Previously Presented) The method as received in claim 1, wherein, at the step (a), the random number  $r_B$  is obtained by an equation  $r_B = H(K_{master}, index\_r_B)$  where H is a hash function,  $K_{master}$  is a secret master key and  $index\_r_B$  is an index parameter for the random number.
- 3. (Currently Amended) A method for defeating denial-of-service attack, applicable to a server authentication system in which a client uses a discrete exponentiation  $g^{r_A}$  as a client's challenge to a server, a private key and a public key of the server are

respectively b and  $g^b$ , and the ciphertext of the client's challenge using the public key of the server is  $g^{br_A}$ , the method comprising the steps of:

- (a) at the server, sending a random number  $r_A r_B$  to a client;
- (b) at the server, receiving *x* and *y* values which the client computed by using the random number from the server as:

$$x=(g^b)^{r_A+r_B}$$

where  $\underline{\text{in } r_A}$  is a random number selected by the client, b is the private key of the server and  $g^b$  is the public key of the server, and

$$y = h(g^{r_A})$$

where h represents a hash function;

(c) comparing y from the client with y' as follows:

$$y' = h(x^{b^{-1}}g^{-r_b})$$
; and

- (d) if y and is equal to y' match, providing a requested service to the client, and, otherwise, denying the service to the client.
- 4. (Currently Amended) In a communication system having a large capability processor in which a client sends a server a ciphertext of a random number encrypted under a public key of the server to authenticate the server, a computer readable medium for recording a program for implementing the functions of:
- (a) at the server, generating a random number  $r_B$  in response to a service request from a client and sending the random number to the client;
- (b) at the server, receiving a ciphertext which is produced by the client based on the random number  $r_B$ - $r_B$ -sent to the client-and a random number  $r_A$  produced by the client, enciphered with the public key of the server;
- (c) at the server, recovering a random number  $r_{\rm B}$  from the ciphertext received from the client based on a private key corresponding to the public key of the server and comparing the recovered random number with the random number sent to the client; and
- (d) if the recovered random number  $\underline{r}_{\underline{B}}$  is equal to the random number  $\underline{r}_{\underline{B}}$  sent to the client, providing the service, and, otherwise, denying the service.

- 5. (Currently Amended) In a server authentication system having a large capability processor, in which a client uses a discrete exponentiation  $g^{\prime b}$  as a client's challenge to a server, a private key and a corresponding public key of the server are respectively b and  $g^b$ , and a ciphertext of the client's challenge using the public key of the server is  $g^{br_A}$ , a computer readable medium for recording a program for implementing the functions of:
  - (a) at the server, sending a random number to a client;
- (b) at the server, receiving *x* and *y* values which the client computed by using the random number from the server as:

$$x=(g^b)^{r_A+r_B}$$

where  $\underline{\text{in } r_A}$  is a random number selected by the client, b is the private key of the server and  $g^b$  is the public key of the server, and

$$y = h(g^{r_A})$$

where *h* represents a hash function;

(c) at the server, comparing y from the client with y' as follows:

$$y' = h(x^{b^{-1}}g^{-r_B})$$
; and

(d) if y and is equal to y'-match, providing a service to the client, and, otherwise, denying the service.